# ISOLACK INDURITORE

Version 2 Print Date 13/12/2004

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### **Product information**

Product name : ISOLACK INDURITORE

Product code : L0290344

Company : Lechler SpA Via Cecilio 17

22100 Como

Telephone : +39031586111 Telefax : +39031586206

In order to get more information and in case of emergencies please address to Lechler Group Security Office. (Tel. +39-031-586.301).

: Tel. +39-031-586301 Fax +39-031-586299

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Polyisocyanic compound

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# **Hazardous components**

Components	CAS-No.	EEC-No.	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Concentration [%]
Xylene	1330-20-7	601-022-00-9	Xn	R20/21, R38, R10	>= 7 - < 10
N-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	607-025-00-1		R10, R66, R67	>= 20 - < 30
Isophorone Di-Isocyanate	4098-71-9	615-008-00-5	T, N	R23, R36/37/38, R42/43, R51/53	>= 0,1 - < 0,2
Naphtha Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	64742-82-1	649-330-00-2	Xn, N	R65, R51/53, R10	>= 1 - < 3
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	649-356-00-4	Xn, N	R37, R51/53, R10, R66, R67, R65	>= 12,5 - < 20
Polyisocianate HDI Derivative	28182-81-2		Xi	R43, R52/53	>= 12,5 - < 20
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	601-043-00-3	N, Xn	R10, R36/37/38, R51/53, R20	>= 3 - < 5

### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



**Hazardous components :** Polyisocianate HDI DerivativeXylene1,2,4-trimethylbenzeneIsophorone Di-Isocyanate

### **R-phrase(s):**

Flammable.

Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### S-phrase(s):

Do not breathe spray.

Avoid contact with skin.

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

### **Exceptional labelling of special preparations:**

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

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#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

After Inhalation : Remove to fresh air.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

After Skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin

cleanser.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Put shower on working place

After Eye contact : Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes,

holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses. Seek medical advice.

Put eye-washer on working place

After Ingestion : If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.

Keep at rest.

Do not induce vomiting.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety

reasons

Do NOT use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will

produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of

combustion (see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must

not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be

disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Environmental precautions : Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

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Methods for cleaning up : Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceus earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see

section 13).

Additional advice : Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Safe handling advice : Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application

area.

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this preparation is being used.

Thoroughly mix before using

After using, store in a well-sealed container

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the

occupational exposure limits.

When transferring from one container to another apply earthing

measures and use conductive hose material.

No sparking tools should be used.

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights

and other sources of ignition have been excluded.

No smoking.

### Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Observe label precautions.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept

upright to prevent leakage.

Store between 5° an 35°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from

source of heat, ignition and direct sunlight.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the

technological safety standards.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage

: Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly acid or alkaline materials,

as well as of amines, alcohols and water.

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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Value [ppm]	Basis
Xylene	1330-20-7	221,00	50,00	
N-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	713,00	150,00	
Naphtha Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	64742-82-1	350,00	100,00	
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	100,00	50,00	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	100,00	20,00	

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure

limits.

This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If the occupational exposure limits cannot be met, in exceptional cases suitable respiratory equipment should be worn only for a short

period of time.

Hand protection : For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Skin should be washed after contact. Wash your hands and put on barrier creams

Eye protection : Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

Working clothes must not consist of textiles, which show a dangerous

melting behaviour in case of fire.

Personnel should wear protective clothing Workers should wear antistatic footwear.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : liquid

Flash point : > 23 - 55 °C

Density : 0,99 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Viscosity :  $\leq 60 \text{ s}$ 

Transversale section: 6 mm Method: 2431 '84 (ISO 6)

Solids by weight : 44 %

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#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid : Our products were manufactured in compliance with safety standards

to avoid decomposition and degrading under the defined conditions. Taking the product type into account, it is advisable to leave the product in its original packaging thus avoiding transferring it.

Hazardous reactions : Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid

materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Avoid moisture.

Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions.

Preparation reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute inhalation toxicity : Exposure to component solvent vapours concentration in excess of

the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health

effects.

Such as: mucous membrane irritation, respiratory system irritation, adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs: headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness. Inhalation of airborne droplets may cause irritation of the respiratory

tract.

Skin irritation : Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause

removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in desiccation of the

skin.

The product may be absorbed through the skin.

Note : The concentration of each substance should be borne in mind in

assessing the toxicological effects deriving from the preparation.

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N-Butyl Acetate

OBSERVATIONS ON HUMAN SUBJECTS: Inhalation: 3300 ppm (16 mg/l), for short periods, cause serious irritation to the eyes and to the nose. Inhalation: 200-300 ppm (1-1.4 mg/l), for short periods, cause moderate irritation to the eyes and to the nose. Inhaling the vapours can irritate the respiratory system. The vapours can cause headache and nausea. As a liquid it can irritate the eyes and cause conjunctivitis, it can irritate the skin and cause dermatitis and, if swallowed, causes inebriation, hallucinations and sedation. Symptoms of illness at 500 ppm. Serious toxic effects at 2,000 ppm for 60 min. TCLo: 200 ppm

Naphtha Hydrodesulfurized Heavy ACUTE: INHALATION: Vapor concentration aboove recommended exposure levels may be irritating to the eyes and the repiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, could be anesthetic and may other nervous system effects. SKIN CONTACT: Low order of toxicity. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. EYE CONTACT: Will cause eye discomfort, but will noy injure eye tissue. INGESTION: Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema. Minimal toxicity.

Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic ACUTE: INHALATION: Vapor concentration above recommended exposure levels may be irritating to the eyes and the repiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, could be anesthetic and may other nervous system effects. SKIN CONTACT: Low order of toxicity. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. EYE CONTACT: Will cause eye discomfort, but will noy injure eye tissue. INGESTION: Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema. Minimal toxicity.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Further information

: The product contains dangerous substances for the environment (see chapter  $n^{\circ}$  2), The concentration of each substance should be borne in mind in assessing the toxicological effects deriving from the preparation.

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Isophorone Di-Isocyanate

R51/53

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

Naphtha

R51/53

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

v

Hydrodesulfurized Heavy

the aquatic environment.

Solvent Naphtha, Light

Aromatic

R51/53

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or

the soil.

Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special disposal

required according to local regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**ADR** : UN-No **1263** 

Class 3 Code F1 Packaging group III

Description of the PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

goods

**IMDG** : UN-No 1263

Class 3 EmS F-E, S-E Packaging group III

Marine pollutant

Description of the PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

goods

IATA : UN-No 1263

Class 3 Packaging group III

Description of the Paint related material

goods

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Polyisocianate HDI Derivative

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• Xylene

• 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

• Isophorone Di-Isocyanate

Symbol(s) : Xn Harmful

R-phrase(s) : R10 Flammable.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.
R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-

term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S-phrase(s) : S23 Do not breathe spray.

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Exceptional labelling of special preparations

Exceptional labelling of special preparations

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

## National legislation

Germany

Risk classification according

to BetrSichV (Germany)

Water contaminating class

(Germany)

: AII

: water endangering

Acute toxicity (other route) : Isocyanates may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the

respiratory system leading to tightness of the chest, wheezinessand an

asthmatic condition.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

Xylene R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R38 Irritating to skin. R10 Flammable.

N-Butyl Acetate R10 Flammable.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Isophorone Di-Isocyanate R23 Toxic by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R42/43 May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin

contact.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Naphtha Hydrodesulfurized Heavy R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R10 Flammable.

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Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
Sorvent Paphala, Eight Homate	R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
	R10	Flammable.
	R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
	R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
Polyisocianate HDI Derivative	R43 R52/53	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	R10 R36/37/38 R51/53	Flammable. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
	R20	Harmful by inhalation.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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SDS updated to the last adjustment of EEC directive 67/548/CE, 1999/45/CE.